

# CIS 658 Web Architectures

**Pinia**

**App State Management**



**GRAND VALLEY  
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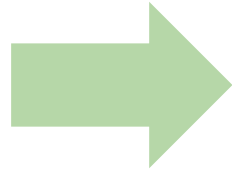
**Lecturer: Dr. Yong Zhuang**

# What is Pinia?

Pinia is a state management solution created by Vue core team member Eduardo San Martin Morote, who also created Vue Router.



**vuex**



**Pinia**

# What is state management?

Parent.vue

```
<template>
  <Child :message="parentData" />
</template>

<script setup lang="ts">
import { ref } from 'vue';
import Child from './Child.vue';

const parentData = ref('Message from Parent');
</script>
```

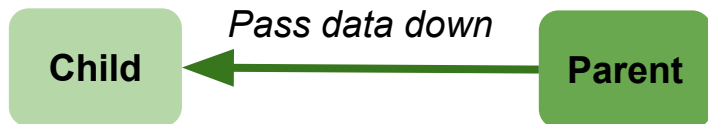
Demo

```
<template>
  <div>{{ message }}</div>
</template>

<script setup lang="ts">
import { defineProps } from 'vue';

const props = defineProps({
  message: String
});
</script>
```

Child.vue



# What is state management?

Parent.vue

```
<template>
  <Child @childEvent="handleChildEvent" />
</template>

<script setup lang="ts">
import { ref } from 'vue';
import Child from './Child.vue';

const parentData = ref('');

const handleChildEvent = (data: string) => {
  parentData.value = data;
};
</script>
```

Child

Emit data up

Parent

```
<template>
  <button @click="sendDataToParent">Send Data to Parent</button>
</template>

<script setup lang="ts">
import { defineEmits } from 'vue';

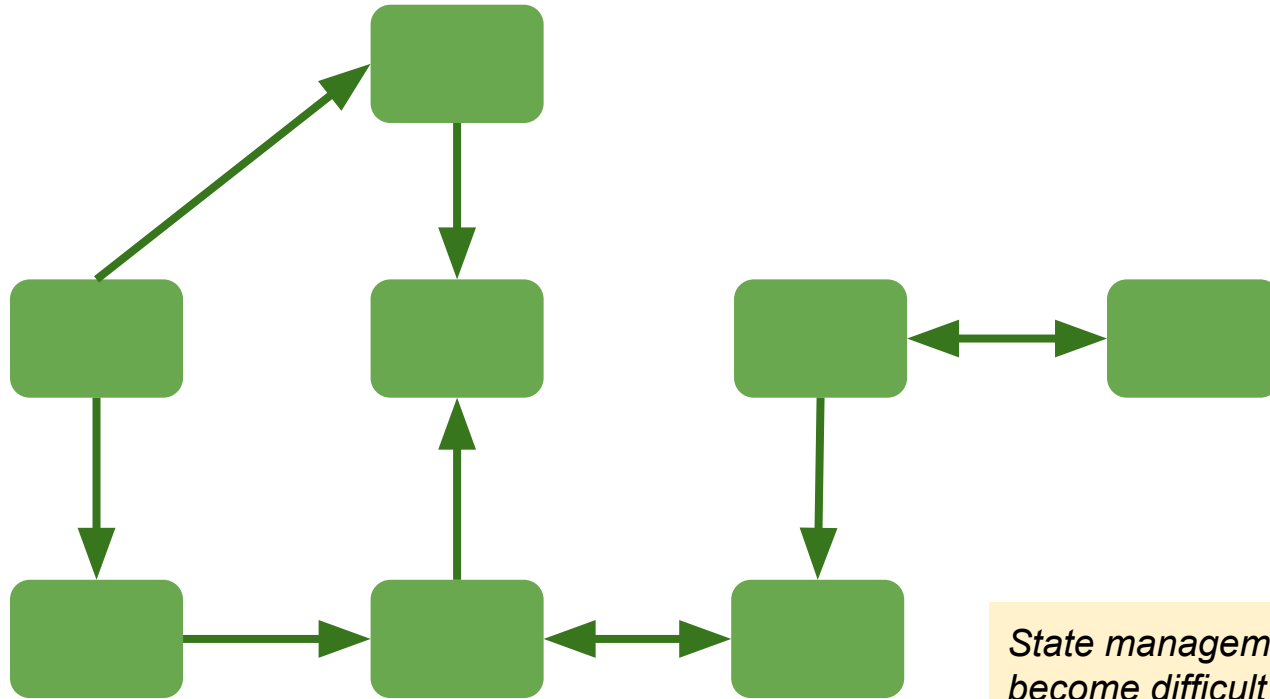
const emit = defineEmits(['childEvent']);

const sendDataToParent = () => {
  emit('childEvent', 'Data from child');
};
</script>
```

Child.vue

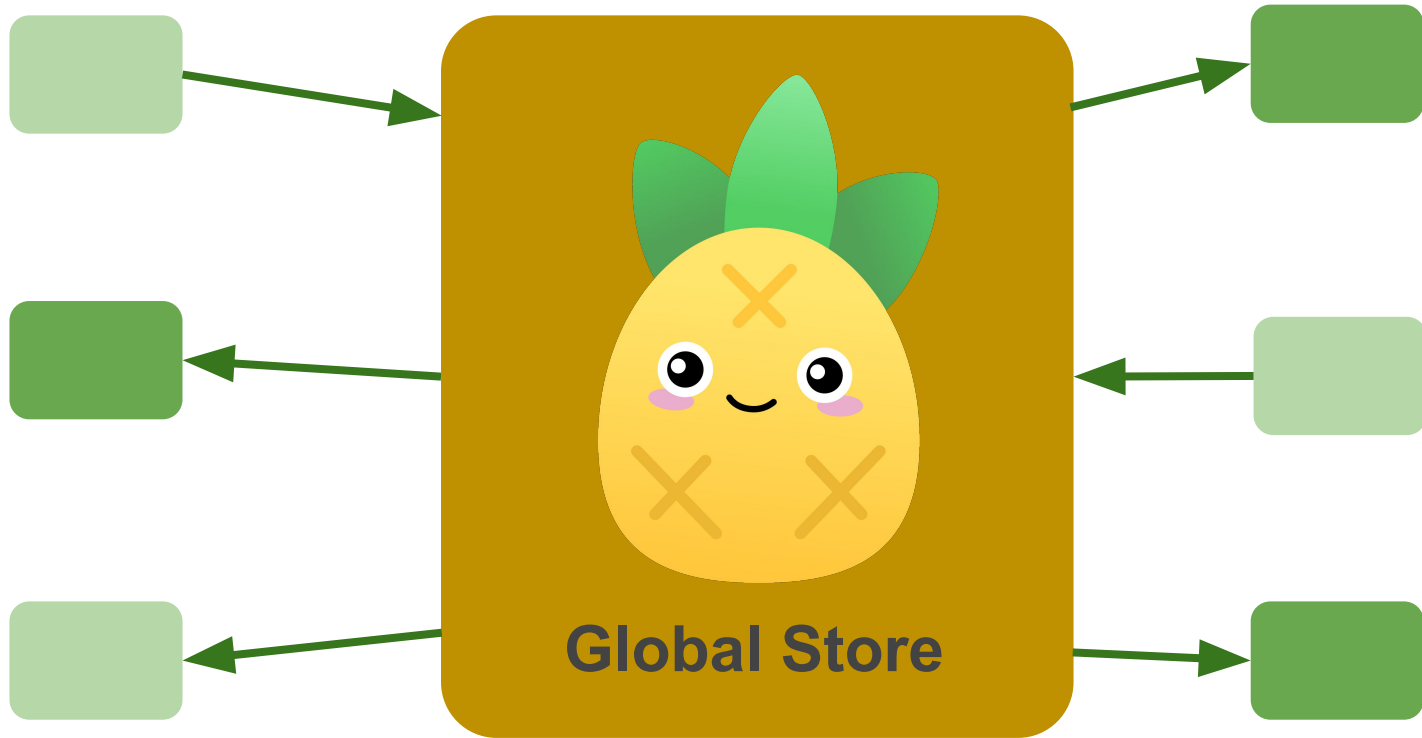
Demo

# Large-scale SPA (single page application)



*State management can quickly become difficult to maintain*

# Pinia: state management solution



# Pinia is not a replacement for props and events



**state management**



**props and events**



**Do I need to add Pinia to my project?**

# When should I use it?

Not necessary for

- Project with 5 - 10 components.
- Smaller projects with no shared state.
- Small demo projects.

Useful when:

- Project projected to grow
- Start using Pinia right away
- Almost no downside to using immediately



**Why choose Pinia for state management?**

# Why choose Pinia for state management?

- Stores are as familiar as components. API designed to let you write well organized stores. (fewer new concepts to learn)
- Types are inferred, which means stores provide you with autocompletion even in JavaScript
- Pinia hooks into Vue devtools to give you an enhanced development experience in both Vue2 and Vue3.
- React to store changes to extend Pinia with transactions, local storage synchronization, etc.
- Build multiple stores and let your bundler code split them automatically.
- Pinia is extremely lightweight by design.

# Installation

For a new project:

Official Vue3 project setup with interactive customization

```
o node →/workspaces $ npm init vue@3

Vue.js - The Progressive JavaScript Framework

✓ Project name: ... vue-pinia-app
✓ Add TypeScript? ... No / Yes
✓ Add JSX Support? ... No / Yes
✓ Add Vue Router for Single Page Application development? ... No / Yes
? Add Pinia for state management? > No / Yes
```

In an existing project

```
npm install pinia
```

```
import { createApp } from "vue";
import App from "./App.vue";
import { createPinia } from "pinia";

createApp(App)
  .use(createPinia())
  .mount("#app");
```

App.vue

# Pinia State

# Define Pinia State

```
import { defineStore } from "pinia";  
  
export const useItemStore = defineStore("ItemStore", {  
  state: () => {  
    return {};  
  },  
});
```

*ItemStore.ts*

**Must be a function**

# Define Pinia State

```
export const useItemStore = defineStore("ItemStore", {
  state: () => {
    return {
      category: "Electronics",
      products: [
        "Gamer's Delight Laptop",
        "SmartTech Pro Phone",
        "Rapid Dual USB-C Charger",
      ],
      inStock: true,
    };
  },
});
```

*ItemStore.ts*

```
<script setup lang="ts">
import { useItemStore } from "../stores/ItemStore";

const itemStore = useItemStore();
console.log(itemStore.category);
</script>
```

*AnyVueComponent.vue*

# Access Pinia State

```
<script setup lang="ts">
import { useItemStore } from "../stores/ItemStore";

const itemStore = useItemStore();
console.log(itemStore.category);
</script>
```

AnyVueComponent.vue

category

\$onAction

\$patch

(property) category: string

State is TypeSafe

# Access Pinia State

AnyVueComponent.vue

```
<script setup lang="ts">
import { useItemStore } from "../stores/useItemStore";

const { category } = useItemStore();
console.log(category);
</script>
```

Can de-structure state from store

*category is no longer reactive*

# Access Pinia State

AnyVueComponent.vue

```
<script setup>
import { useItemStore } from "../stores/useItemStore";
import { storeToRefs } from "pinia";

const { category } = storeToRefs(useItemStore());
console.log(category.value);
</script>
```

convert store to **refs** to maintain reactivity

Can de-structure state from store

# Update Pinia State

*AnyVueComponent.vue*

```
<script setup>
import { useItemStore } from "../stores/useItemStore";
import { storeToRefs } from "pinia";

const { category } = storeToRefs(useItemStore());
category.value = "Groceries";
</script>
```

State can be directly updated

*AnyVueComponent.vue*

```
<script setup lang="ts">
import { useItemStore } from "../stores/useItemStore";

const itemStore = useItemStore();
itemStore.category = "Groceries";
</script>
```

If you don't de-structure, you don't need .value

# Two-way Binding

```
<script setup lang="ts">
import { useItemStore } from "../stores/ItemStore";
import { storeToRefs } from "pinia";
const { category } = storeToRefs(useItemStore());
</script>

<template>
  <input v-model="category" type="text" />
</template>
```

*AnyVueComponent.vue*

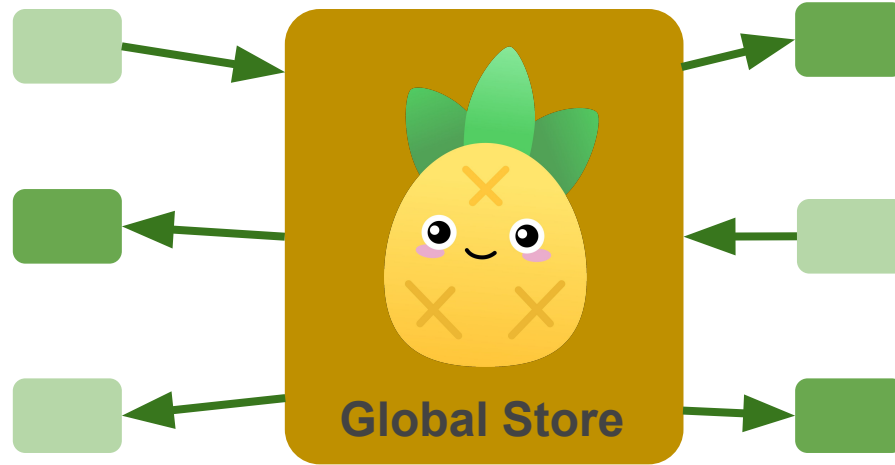
Demo

# Summary

What is state management?

What is Pinia?

- State,



# Practice: Pinia(States)